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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/734,595	595 12/15/2003		Hiroshi Watanabe	062709-0122	1453
22428	7590	01/21/2005		EXAMINER	
FOLEY A	ND LAR	DNER	JULES, FRANTZ F		
SUITE 500 3000 K STR	EET NW			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20007			3617		
				DATE MAIL ED: 01/21/200	ς.

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	ſ
	10/734,595	WATANABE, HIROSHI	١
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	-
	Frantz F. Jules	3617	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o			
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplished any accomplished any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the bedrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). sected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori	s have been received. s have been received in Application fity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date S. Patent and Trademark Office	6) Other:	te atent Application (PTO-152)	
TOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office Ac	tion Summary Pa	rt of Paner No /Mail Date 011/2005	

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REASON FOR ALLOWANCE

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

On page 3, line 21, the specification contains words in a phrase that are written without spacing in between (31 to 34installedonfourtires21to24ofthevehicleP). This is problem is found throughout the specification as well as in the abstract.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mendez et al (US 5,612,671) in view of Kyrtsos (US 6,072,388).

Claims 1-2

Mendez et al discloses a tire pressure detecting apparatus for a vehicle comprising a terminal attached to at least one tire being fitted in a given area of the vehicle, the terminal having a tire pressure sensor configured to detect a tire pressure and a transmitter configured to transmit tire pressure data based on the detected tire pressure; a receiver attached to a part of the vehicle in at least one of the areas and configured to receive the tire pressure data transmitted from any one of the transmitters and detect a

reception level of the received tire pressure data; and a controller (20) configured for obtaining tire pressure data from one of the receivers.

Mendez et al teach all of the features as listed above but does not disclose a tire pressure detecting apparatus in which data received from the sensors are compared to existing data and sent to a display. The general concept of providing comparing tire data in a controller is well known in the art as illustrated by Kyrtsos which discloses the teaching of comparing tire pressure sound data to existing data and displaying data. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Mendez et al to include the use of comparing data received from the tire sensors in the controller and displaying data in his advantageous tire pressure detecting system as taught by Kyrtsos in order to improve the performance of the system by eliminating errors in the data, increase the safety of the vehicle.

4. Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mendez et al (US 5,612,671) in view of Rambock et al (DE 42 32 240 A1).

Claims 1-2

Mendez et al discloses a tire pressure detecting apparatus for a vehicle comprising a terminal attached to at least one tire being fitted in a given area of the vehicle, the terminal having a tire pressure sensor configured to detect a tire pressure and a transmitter configured to transmit tire pressure data based on the detected tire pressure; a receiver attached to a part of the vehicle in at least one of the areas and configured to receive the tire pressure data transmitted from any one of the transmitters and detect a

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reception level of the received tire pressure data; and a controller (20) configured for obtaining tire pressure data from one of the receivers.

Mendez et al teach all of the features as listed above but does not disclose a tire pressure detecting apparatus in which data received from the sensors are compared to existing data. The general concept of providing comparing tire data in a controller is well known in the art as illustrated by Kyrtsos which discloses the teaching of comparing tire pressure sound data to existing data. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Mendez et al to include the use of comparing data received from the tire sensors in the controller in his advantageous tire pressure detecting system as taught by Kyrtsos in order to improve the performance of the system by eliminating errors in the data.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 3-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mendez et al (US 5,612,671) and Kyrtsos (US6,072,388) as applied to claim 1 and in view of Ceresoli et al (US 2004/0127192).

Mendez et al and Kyrtsos teach all the limitations of claim 3 except for a tire pressure detecting apparatus wherein the receiver has an RSSI circuit configured to detect the

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reception level. The general concept of providing an RSSI circuit configured to detect the reception level of a receiver in a vehicle is well known in the art as illustrated by Ceresoli et al which disclose the teaching of an RSSI circuit configured to detect the reception level of a radio. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Mendez et al to include the use of an RSSI circuit configured to detect the reception level of the receiver of his advantageous tire pressure detecting apparatus as taught by Ceresoli et al in order to provide more accurate detection of selected radio station.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

Aduddell, Hill, Jo et al, Tang et al, Nantz et al are cited to show related system and method for monitoring vehicle tire comprising receivers and controllers.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Frantz F. Jules whose telephone number is (703) 308-8780. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday and every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph S. Morano can be reached on (703) 308-0230. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Frantz F. Jules Primary Examiner Art Unit 3617

FFJ

January 14, 2005